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FREE TRANSLATION

By the Grace of G-d Rosh Chodesh Nissan 5735. Brooklyn. N. Y.

To the Sons and Daughters of Our People Israel, Everywhere G-d bless you

Greeting and Blessing:

The highlight¹ of the month of *Nissan* – the Month of *Geulo*² (Redemption) – is the festival *Pesach*, which is denoted in our sacred liturgy as *Zman cheiruseinu*, "Festival of Our liberation."

In the plain sense, *cheiruseinu* means "our liberation," i.e. the collective liberation of all the individuals belonging to our people.

However, as we can see from a similar text, **zman simchoseinu** – "Festival of Our Rejoicing" – the *Alter Rebbe* interprets³ the plural form (also) in a dual sense: the rejoicing of the Jews and the rejoicing of G-d.

Accordingly, the term "our liberation" may also be understood in a dual sense: the liberation of the Jews from Egyptian bondage as well as the liberation, as it were, of the *Shechinah* (Divine Presence), as this is indicated in the *Hoshana* prayer⁴: "as You saved the people and G-d..." and in the words **v'hotzeisi***eschem ("I will liberate you") which, according to tradition, may be read also v'hutseisi it'chem ("I will be liberated with you").

This means that Jewish liberation, individually and collectively, is two-fold: the Jew's liberation and the liberation, as it were, of the *Shechinah*⁶, of the G-dliness that is in every Jew – the Divine soul, which is a spark of G-dliness itself.⁷

The said liberation is reflected in, indeed achieved through,⁸ the Jew's daily conduct in a manner of true freedom and expansiveness (true – because it is rooted in *Toras Emes*, the Law of Truth), in both aspects of his life.

To use an expression⁹ that relates to human life in general: – "Good to Heaven and good to the creatures.¹⁰"

In other words, freedom and expansiveness in the area of "Good to Heaven" (man's duties to G-d), as well as in the area of "Good to the creatures" (man's duties to man).

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To elucidate the above:

The events and concepts of *Yetzias Mitzraim* and *Zman cheiruseinu* present many didactic aspects of moral instruction for the Jewish people as a whole and for every Jew individually, at all times and in all places, as in the case of all matters of Torah, the source of eternal values and instructions.¹¹

The moral lesson of *Yetzias Mitzraim*, which we are commanded to remember every day,¹² is that every Jew must constantly strive¹³ to free himself from *Mitzraim* (bondage), from all restraints¹⁴ and inhibitions that limit¹⁵ the fullest Jewish expression and development, for he could be better and finer were it not for various impediments.

Obviously, the first thing is to free oneself from the evil practices of *Mitzraim*, in the area of "turn away from evil" (the don't-*Mitzvos*) and from hindrances in the area of "do good" (the do-*Mitzvos*) in the actual conduct of the every-day life.

At the same time, there is in every do-*Mitzva* which one fulfills, and in every don't-*Mitzva* which one heeds, the *al-pi-din* (complying only to the limit of the law) and *lifnim mishuras ha*-din (going beyond the limit of the law), which is also an imperative of of our eternal *Torah*. And since all matters of *Torah* and *Mitzvos*, goodness and holiness, derive from, and were commanded by, G-d, the Infinite, they are also infinite. Hence, however satisfactory one's level of *Yiddishkeit*, *Torah* and *Mitzvos*, it could be – and therefore must be – better and higher, in accordance with the principle that "all things of holiness should be on the ascendancy" (*maalin b'kodesh*). If one makes no effort, and does not strive hard, to advance to a higher level, beyond his habitual routine which becomes second "nature" (*teva*, fixed form, imprint) – he has not yet achieved true freedom.



This, then, is one of the basic teachings of *Yetzias Mitzraim*, *Zman cheiruseinu*: The liberation from Egypt was a double one: the physical liberation of the Jews from Egyptian bondage, coupled with the liberation of their Jewish soul, as it is written: Draw and take unto yourselves – "draw back from idolatry", ¹⁸ reject it completely.

And although both were achieved "with a high hand" – including inner freedom, yet, upon their departure from Egypt, the Jews immediately began their steady rise, each day rising to a higher spiritual level and true freedom, until they attained the highest level of freedom with the receiving of the *Torah*, as our Sages observe: *chorus al ha-luchos* (engraved on the Tablets") – read *cheirus al ha-luchos* 19 ("freedom in and with the tablets").



May G-d grant that just as at the time of the Exodus from Egypt, "the children of Israel went out with a high hand" – with self-esteem and free spirit, so may also today, every Jew, everywhere order his daily life in complete freedom, with dignity and joy.

And may we very soon merit the situation that "it will be only good for the Jews²⁰ (*ach tov l'yisroel*) and march out from the present *Golus* "with our young and our old--- with our sons and our daughters--- "and with all possessions,²¹ and proudly go forth to welcome our Righteous *Moshiach*, with the true and complete Redemption.

With esteem and blessing for a *Kosher* and joyous *Pesach*, Festival of Our Liberation,

/signed/ MENACHEM SCHNEERSON

¹⁾ כשמו חודש הגאולה – שהייתה בפסח. וראה ר"ה (ד, א) דגם לר"ח ניסן שייכות מיוחדת לרגל דפסח. 2) שמו"ר פט"ו, יא. וראה אוה"ת להצ"צ עה"פ החודש הזה (ע' רסד ואילך). 3) לקו"ת דרושים לשמע"צ (פח, ד. פד, א). 4) בס' הושענות ד"ה כהושעת. וראה ירוש' סוכה פ"ד, ה"ג. מגלה כט, א. ד"ה מצה זו תר"ם בתחלתו. 5) ראה לקוטי לוי"צ לזח"ב ע' פב. 6) מלשון ושכנתי בתוכם (תניא פנ"ב וראה שם פי"ז). 7) תניא רפ"ב, וראה סד"ה גדולים מעשה צדיקים, תרפ"ה. 8) ראה סוטה (ט, ב): וכן לענין הטובה ובתוד"ה מרים (שם יא, א). רש"י עה"ת ס"פ בהעלותך. 9) קדושין מ, א. 10) אף הרחוקים כו' (תניא פ' לב). 11) זח"ג נג, ב. 12) ביום ובלילה (רמב"ם הל' ק"ש פ"א ה"ג. שו"ע אדה"ז ר"ס סז. ועוד). 13) בל' התניא רפמ"ז: בכל דור ודור וכל יום ויום חייב אדם לראות עצמו כאילו הוא יצא היום ממצרים. ועפ"ז מובן הרמב"ם (הל' מצה פ"ד, ה"ו): בכל דור ודור חייב אדם להראות א"ע כאילו הוא בעצמו יצא עתה משעבוד מצרים. ולהעיר שהרמב"ם מוסיף ג"כ להראות (אף שיש מביאין נ"א – לראות) – ראה פסחים קטז, ב. 14) ראה סידור ש' התפילין (ח, ד): פי' ענין יצי"מ. ובכ"מ. 15) ע"פ ב"ר פט"ז ד. 16) ב"מ ל, ב. ובכ"מ. 17) שמות יב, כא. ובכ"מ. וראה ד"ה ויגש תרס"ח (המשך תרס"ו ע' תצא ואילך). 18) שמות יב, כא. ובכ"מ. מע"ם ב"ר פט"ז ד"ה מה נשתנה). שם, כו. ובשמו"ר רפי"ח: אפילו תיב"ע, ועוד. 19) עירובין נד, א. 20) תהלים עג, א. 12) שמות יו"ד, ט. (ולהעיר מפע"ח שער חהמ"צ פ"ו סד"ה מה נשתנה). שם, כו. ובשמו"ר רפי"ח: אפילו ... טלף אחד. וראה צוואת הריב"ש (סי' קט – הוצאת קה"ת), כתר ש"ט (סרי"ח) ואור תורה להה"מ ד"ה התורה חסה על ממונם של ישראל.